SENT VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL

William P. Barr, Attorney General United States Department of Justice

James McHenry, Director Executive Office for Immigration Review United States Department of Justice

Lauren Alder Reid, Assistant Director Office of Policy Executive Office for Immigration Review United States Department of Justice

Chad Wolf, Acting Secretary
United States Department of Homeland
Security

Chad R. Mizelle, Senior Official Performing the Duties of the General Counsel United States Department of Homeland Security Kenneth Cuccinelli, Senior Official Performing the Duties of the Director Citizenship and Immigration Services United States Department of Homeland Security

Maureen Dunn, Chief
Division of Humanitarian Affairs, Office of
Policy and Strategy
Citizenship and Immigration Services
United States Department of Homeland
Security

Paul Ray, Administrator
Office of Information & Regulatory Affairs
Office of Management and Budget
Executive Office of the President

June 18, 2020

RE: Request to Provide a Minimum of 60 days for Public Comment in Response to the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) and Department of Justice (DOJ) Executive Office for Immigration Review (EOIR) (the Departments) Joint Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM): Procedures for Asylum and Withholding of Removal; Credible Fear and Reasonable Fear Review; RIN 1615-AC42 / 1125-AA94 / EOIR Docket No. 18-0002 / A.G. Order No. 4714-2020

Dear Attorney General Barr, Director McHenry, Assistant Director Reid, Acting Secretary Wolf, Senior Official Mizelle, Senior Official Cuccinelli, Division Chief Dunn, and Administrator Ray:

We, the undersigned 502 organizations, write to urge the Departments to allow at least 60 days for public comment on the above referenced NPRM. We make this request due to the length and complexity of the 161-page rule, the critical interests it implicates, and the inherent challenges of meaningfully engaging in the public comment process during an unprecedented global pandemic. Furthermore, the substantive concerns with the rule that we raise below are solely included for the purpose of supporting this request. They do not represent the full scope of our

concerns, and this request should not be considered public comments pursuant to the process required under the Administrative Procedure Act (APA).

I. A Minimum of 60 Days is Required for Meaningful Public Comment on the NPRM

A. <u>The NPRM is Extremely Lengthy, Complex, and Will Have Devastating Human</u> Consequences if Implemented

Executive Order 12866 requires agencies to "...afford the public a meaningful opportunity to comment on any proposed regulation, which in most cases should include a comment period of not less than 60 days." Executive Order 13563 likewise directs agencies to "...afford the public a meaningful opportunity to comment through the Internet on any proposed regulation, with a comment period that should generally be at least 60 days." Citing Executive Order 12866 itself, the Departments note in the NPRM that it is a "significant regulatory action...because it raises novel legal or policy issues." There is no compelling reason to except the NPRM from the Executive Orders' general rule of providing a minimum of 60 days for public comment. Rather, the highly technical, nuanced, legal and policy issues the NPRM addresses—and, above all, the severe human cost it is certain to inflict—illustrate why a minimum of 60 days must be allowed for the public to file comments in response to the rule.

Sweeping in scope, and with incalculably high stakes, the NPRM proposes detailed and complex multi-section regulatory changes that span 63 pages. The rule would decimate decades of vital substantive and procedural protections for asylum seekers, as well as applicants for statutory withholding of removal and/or withholding of removal under the United Nations Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman, or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (CAT). Among the rule's specific targets are those fleeing life-threatening atrocities such as forced marriage, domestic violence, human trafficking, honor crimes, female genital mutilation/cutting, and brutal punishment for one's sexual orientation/gender identity. Survivors of such abuses are among the most vulnerable victims; searing social stigmas, threats, and reprisals from within their own families and communities isolate and endanger them further if and when they try to flee. At best, the State provides no protection to survivors; at worst, the State condones or is complicit in committing these acts.

For the majority who survive not only persecution, but a treacherous journey to the United States in search of safety, the rule will all but foreclose relief as a threshold matter. It imposes new, impossibly high evidentiary standards at all stages of the application process that any asylum seeker, regardless of the type of persecution suffered, must meet. The rule further eviscerates what little due process remains in our asylum system; various provisions, alone or in combination with one other, guarantee that most claims will fail well before an applicant has even set foot in the courtroom. This is particularly alarming since even without the rule, current Administration policies have resulted in a 40% lower asylum grant rate than the rate recorded during the prior two administrations.

As described above, the profound human consequences of the rule cannot be overstated. Survivors of persecution who meet the statutory definition of a refugee but are ineligible for asylum under the rule will be unlawfully returned home to face further harm, including death at

the hands of the persecutors they fled. The return of refugees – "refoulement" – mandated by the rule violates our federal asylum statute and longstanding legal precedents, and it also directly contravenes our international human rights obligations as a party to the United Nations 1951 Convention and 1964 Protocol Relating to the Status of Refugees and the CAT. For the few who remain eligible for CAT and/or statutory withholding of removal, securing relief will be elusive and is hardly a proxy for asylum. Unlike with asylum, those who do receive withholding of removal in either form remain vulnerable to removal at any time and are unable to reunify with and extend protection to immediate family in imminent danger. Children in need of relief whose parents apply for withholding of removal face re-traumatization; they must apply and be interviewed on their own as principal applicants, rather than as asylum applicant derivatives of their parents. USCIS itself recognizes children's unique vulnerabilities in this regard.

Given the devastating impact the rule will have on such a broad spectrum of stakeholders - asylum seekers, their families, advocates and service providers, the public, and the government - and that life and liberty are acutely at stake, a 30-day comment period is patently insufficient for adequate public analysis and input to be provided on the NPRM.

B. <u>The COVID-19 Crisis Substantially Impedes the Public's Ability to Meaningfully Participate in the Administrative Process</u>

As you are aware, the President declared a national emergency in March of this year in light of the COVID-19 global pandemic. Governors throughout the country subsequently urged Americans to stay home and work from home, and schools and now summer camps have largely closed. At the same time, immigration procedures have been regularly shifting to accommodate the new circumstances brought on by the pandemic. Practitioners have had to remain up to date and readily inform clients of the ever-changing legal landscape. Those working remotely have more limited and inconsistent access to physical documents, clients, information, and technology needed to fully analyze and comment on proposed rules, with minimal advance warning. Stakeholders are struggling to perform their jobs, in many instances doing so while simultaneously providing childcare and/or assisting children with remote learning. Normal business operations have been dramatically disrupted, including those of your and other federal agencies. And, according to recent data, more than half of all asylum seekers granted affirmative relief reside in states that have been hit extremely hard by COVID-19 - California, Florida, and New York. As a result, stakeholders with arguably the highest vested interest in the NPRM are those who may be least able to meaningfully engage in the comment process during this crisis.

Indeed, USCIS itself has recognized that flexibility such as extending timeframes is warranted because of the pandemic. USCIS implemented changes in operating procedures for its personnel and offices and is allowing a 60 day grace period to respond to Requests for Evidence and Notices of Intent to Deny. Several other agencies have followed suit, including the Transportation Safety Administration, the Department of Education, Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, Federal Housing Finance Agency, Department of the Treasury and Internal Revenue Service, the Federal Reserve, and the Securities and Exchange Commission. While certain non-emergency in-person services are beginning to tentatively resume in phases, workplaces will operate in a vastly different manner pursuant to new public safety procedures. Additionally, childcare responsibilities endure despite the need for caregivers to simultaneously return to work.

The challenges of cautiously implementing new workplace measures, along with persistent uncertainty and daunting burdens for individuals and families, signal that we remain far from returning to business as usual. The ongoing national emergency related to COVID-19 will thus prevent commenters from submitting thorough, detailed analyses of the rule within the restrictive 30-day timeframe proposed by the Departments.

C. The NPRM Does Not Further Any Urgent Public or Government Interest to Justify Curtailing the Public's Right to Fully Participate in the Administrative Process

Earlier this year, in light of the COVID-19 crisis, the National Governors Association and state, local, and county organizations, as well as twenty-two Senators and fourteen House Committee Chairs urged the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to immediately direct federal agencies to extend or postpone public comment periods to preserve the public's right to fully engage in the administrative process as contemplated by our laws. In response, the OMB Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs (OIRA) acknowledged that COVID-19 has disrupted the lives of those potentially responding to NPRMs. OIRA further advised that work must continue on regulations that "respond to the COVID-19 outbreak...support measures to secure the prosperity of American workers and small businesses, ... [and respond] to urgent needs." An agency could extend comment periods for certain NPRMs if, in consultation with OIRA, it determines that "the need to allow more time...outweighs any need for urgency in the rulemaking" (emphasis added) and OIRA staff are prepared to coordinate with agency staff "to evaluate these competing priorities."

The Departments' decision to press forward with this rule during the pandemic is inexplicable and arbitrary under OIRA's guidance. The rule does not refer or relate to COVID-19 in any way. And the rule also does not implicate any other legitimately urgent matter. The rule's extensive proposed changes to the credible/reasonable fear interview (CFI) process are hardly needed at a time when the border is closed to asylum seekers indefinitely.

The Departments allege that the rule's heightened standards for securing relief and lowered standards for maintaining asylum application confidentiality are needed to curb fraud. Yet, rigorous existing fraud detection measures both during CFIs and throughout the asylum process have proven successful. Furthermore, claims of 'rampant' asylum fraud and abuse are anecdotal and unsubstantiated; they largely rest on a false correlation drawn between fraud and high application and CFI passage rates. By contrast, maintaining eligibility standards and confidentiality safeguards consistent with our longstanding domestic laws and international obligations are critical to keeping asylum seekers safe. The urgency in doing so is paramount.

The Departments also cite the need to promote clarity and efficiency in our asylum system through the rule. While these are no doubt important goals, they cannot and must not be achieved by sacrificing safety for asylum applicants. Summarily excluding broad categories of individuals and denying them their day in court unlawfully obliterates our asylum system. A system's efficiency cannot rest on the fact that it barely exists at all.

There is no competition among priorities here: Eviscerating humanitarian protection for the most vulnerable among us, at both their own and America's expense, should hardly be a priority at any time least of all during this extraordinary crisis. Again, the rule poses a direct and unprecedented threat to life and liberty for the very asylum seekers that our laws are meant to protect. There is no reasonable justification for refusing to provide the public with the maximum amount of time to engage in careful review and analysis of the rule contemplated by the APA.

II. Conclusion

The NPRM dismantles asylum eligibility for traumatized and vulnerable individuals beyond recognition. As a result, the United States will unlawfully return asylum seekers to grave danger under the rule. The human cost of the rule is beyond measure and demands the most careful research, analysis, and public consultation. It is highly inappropriate to afford the public a mere 30 days for comment on a proposal that violates our domestic laws and international obligations on its face; even more so during an unprecedented global crisis such as COVID-19. To honor the public's right to a meaningful and fair opportunity to respond to the NPRM, consistent with the Executive Orders cited above, the Administrative Procedure Act, and the OMB OIRA's own guidance, a comment period of at least 60 days must be provided.

Thank you in advance for your time and consideration of this request. Please contact Irena Sullivan at irena@tahirih.org with any questions or concerns, and we look forward to your prompt response.

Sincerely,

National

Activism Caucus of the Association for Women in Psychology ADL (Anti-Defamation League) **Advocates for Immigrant Rights Advocating Opportunity AFL-CIO** African Cultural Alliance of North America (ACANA) **AHA Foundation** American Association of University Women (AAUW) American Friends Service Committee American Humanist Association American Immigration Council American Immigration Lawyers Association Amnesty International USA Asian Pacific Institute on Gender-Based Violence **ASISTA** Association of Pro Bono Counsel Asylum Seeker Advocacy Project Asylum Sponsorship Project AsylumConnect

Battered Women's Justice Project

Black Alliance for Just Immigration (BAJI)

Casa de Esperanza: National Latin@ Network for Healthy Families and Communities

Catholic Charities

Catholic Legal Immigration Network, Inc.

Center for Gender & Refugee Studies

Center for Victims of Torture

CHANGE (Center for Health and Gender Equity)

Church World Service

Clearinghouse on Women's Issues

Coalition to Abolish Slavery & Trafficking (Cast)

Columbia Law School Immigrants' Rights Clinic

Committee of Interns and Residents - SEIU Healthcare

Conference of Major Superiors of Men

Congregation of Our Lady of Charity of the Good Shepherd, U.S. Provinces

Cornell Law School Asylum Appeals Clinic

D. C. Unit Church Women United

Danu Center for Strategic Advocacy

Dominican Leadership Conference

Duke Immigrant Rights Clinic

DVSur5r Network

Equality Now

FaithTrust Institute

Families Belong Together

Feminist Majority Foundation

forma

Freedom Network USA

Futures Without Violence

Gangashakti

Girls Learn International

Global Hope 365

Global Woman P.E.A.C.E. Foundation

Haitian Bridge Alliance

Harvard Immigration and Refugee Clinical Program

HIAS

Human Rights First

Human Rights Watch

Immigrant and Non-Citizen Rights Clinic, CUNY School of Law

Immigrant Justice Corps

Immigrant Legal Resource Center (ILRC)

Immigration Equality

Immigration Hub

IndivisAbility

Indivisible

Indivisible Cenla

Innovation Law Lab

International Center for Research on Women (ICRW)

International Civil Society Action Network (ICAN)

International Refugee Assistance Project

International Rescue Committee

Jennifer Ann's Group

Jewish Women International

Justice Action Center

Justice in Motion

KARAMAH: Muslim Women Lawyers for Human Rights

Kids in Need of Defense

Latin America Working Group

Leadership Conference of Women Religious

League of Women Voters of the United States

LGBT Freedom and Asylum Network

Lutheran Immigration and Refugee Service

MADRE

Medical Students for Choice

Médecins Sans Frontières / Doctors Without Borders USA

Minnesota Coalition Against Sexual Assault

Ms. Magazine

Muslims for Progressive Values

NAACP

National Advocacy Center of the Sisters of the Good Shepherd

National Alliance to End Sexual Violence

National Center for Health Research

National Center on Domestic and Sexual Violence

National Coalition Against Domestic Violence

National Council of Jewish Women

National Crime Victim Law Institute

National Domestic Violence Hotline

National Immigrant Justice Center

National Immigration Law Center

National Immigration Litigation Alliance

National Immigration Project of the National Lawyers Guild

National Network for Immigrant & Refugee Rights

National Network to End Domestic Violence

National Organization for Women

National Organization of Sisters of Color Ending Sexual Assault

National Partnership for New Americans

National Resource Center on Domestic Violence

Nerlow Afriki Inc.

NETWORK Lobby for Catholic Social Justice

Network of Jewish Human Service Agencies

Oxfam America

Passionists International

Pathways to Safety International

Physicians for Human Rights

Planned Parenthood Federation of America

Population Connection Action Fund

Poverty Elimination and Community Education (PEACE) Foundation

Progressive Democrats of America

Promundo-US

Public Counsel

Quixote Center

RAHMA

RAICES

Redwood Justice Fund

Refugees International

Round Table of Former Immigration Judges

Rural Coalition

Sahiyo

Save the Children Action Network

Service Employees International Union

She Grows It, LLC

Sisters of Charity Federation

Sojourners

Soroptimist International of the Americas

South Asian Americans Leading Together (SAALT)

Stardust

StoryCenter

Survivors' Corner

T'ruah

Tahirih Justice Center

The Advocates for Human Rights

The America Team for Displaced Eritreans

The Human Trafficking Legal Center

The Hunger Project

The Immigration Hub

The National Association for Nurse Practitioners in Women's Health

The U.S. End FGM/C Network

The Women's Equal Justice Project

There Is No Limit Foundation

Too Young to Wed

U.S. Committee for Refugees and Immigrants

Ujima Inc: The National Center on Violence Against Women in the Black Community

UnidosUS

Unitarian Universalist Service Committee

United We Dream

Vital Voices Global Partnership

Washington Office on Latin America

We Are All America

WeSpeakOut

Witness at the Border

Women for Afghan Women

Women for Women International

Women Graduates-USA

Women of Color Advancing Peace and Security

Women's Institute for Freedom of the Press

Women's Refugee Commission

World Relief

Young Center for Immigrant Children's Rights

YWCA USA

Zonta USA Caucus

State

Alaska Network on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault

Americans for Immigrant Justice

Arizona Coalition to End Sexual and Domestic Violence

Arkansas Immigrant Defense

Asylum and Human Rights Clinic at the University of Connecticut School of Law

Boston Area Rape Crisis Center

California Collaborative for Immigrant Justice (CCIJ)

California Partnership to End Domestic Violence

California Women's Law Center

Capital Area Immigrants' Rights (CAIR) Coalition

Catholic Charities Community Services, Immigrant and Refugee Services, NY

Center for Safety & Change

Center Global, a program of the DC Center for the LGBT Community

Centro Legal de la Raza

Chicago Jews for Refugees Coalition

Children's Legal Center

Coalition for Humane Immigrant Rights (CHIRLA)

Colorado Asylum Center

Colorado Coalition Against Sexual Assault

Connecticut Alliance to End Sexual Violence

Delaware Coalition Against Domestic Violence (DCADV)

De Novo Center for Justice and Healing

Deaf Overcoming Violence through Empowerment (DOVE)

Delaware Alliance Against Sexual Violence, Inc.

End Domestic Abuse Wisconsin

Entre Hermanos

Family Violence Appellate Project

Farmworker Association of Florida

Florida Council Against Sexual Violence

Florida People's Advocacy Center

Georgia Asylum and Immigration Network

Greater Boston Legal Services

Haitian Bridge Alliance

Harvard Immigration and Refugee Clinic at GBLS

Human Rights At Home Clinic UMass Law School

Idaho Coalition Against Sexual & Domestic Violence

Illinois Coalition Against Domestic Violence

Immigrant Advocates Response Collaborative

Immigration Center for Women and Children

Immigrant Legal Advocacy Project

Immigrant Legal Center

Immigrant Legal Defense

Immigration Law Society at Drexel University's Kline School of Law

Iowa Coalition Against Domestic Violence

Jane Doe Inc. - MA Coalition Against Sexual and Domestic Violence

Jewish Activists for Immigration Justice of Western MA

Justice for Our Neighbors Michigan

Kansas Coalition Against Sexual and Domestic Violence

LAAID

Legal Aid Justice Center

Louisiana Advocates for Immigrants in Detention

Louisiana Coalition Against Domestic Violence

Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Assault

Maine Business Immigration Coalition

Maine Coalition Against Sexual Assault

Maine Coalition to End Domestic Violence

Make the Road New York

Maryland Coalition Against Sexual Assault

Maryland National Organization for Women

Maryland Network Against Domestic Violence

Massachusetts Immigrant and Refugee Advocacy Coalition

Massachusetts Law Reform Institute

Michigan Coalition to End Domestic & Sexual Violence

Michigan Immigrant Rights Center

Michigan NOW

Missouri NOW

Montana Chapter of the National Organization for Women (NOW)

Montana Coalition Against Domestic and Sexual Violence

NARAL Pro-Choice Maryland

National Association of Social Workers – Ohio

National Association of Social Workers - Texas

National Organization for Women, Hollywood NOW Chapter

National Organization for Women - Oregon Chapter

Nebraska Coalition to End Sexual and Domestic Violence

Nevada Coalition to End Domestic and Sexual Violence

New Mexico Coalition of Sexual Assault Programs, Inc.

New Mexico Immigrant Law Center

New York Immigration Coalition

New York State Coalition Against Domestic Violence

New York State Coalition Against Sexual Assault

North Carolina Coalition Against Domestic Violence

North Carolina Coalition Against Sexual Assault

North Carolina Justice Center

Northern Illinois Justice for Our Neighbors

Northern Marianas Coalition Against Domestic & Sexual Violence

Northwest Immigrant Rights Project

NY-Justice for Our Neighbors

Oasis Legal Services

Ohio Alliance to End Sexual Violence

Ohio Domestic Violence Network

Ohio National Organization for Women

Ohio Women's Action Network

OneAmerica

PA Stands Up

Pennsylvania Coalition Against Domestic Violence

Pennsylvania Coalition Against Rape

Refugee Services of Texas

Rhode Island Coalition Against Domestic Violence

Rian Immigrant Center

Rocky Mountain Immigrant Advocacy Network

Sacred Steps Labyrinth Works!

San Antonio Region Justice for Our Neighbors Border Project

Sanctuary for Families

SD Network Against Family Violence and Sexual Assault

SEIU-UHW

Sisters of Saint Joseph of Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, PA

Social Justice Collaborative

South Carolina Coalition Against Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault

SPLC Action Fund

Still Waters Anti-Trafficking Program

Stopping Domestic Violence (stoppingdomesticviolence.org)

Sudanese American Community Organization

TASSC (Torture Abolition & Survivors' Support Coalition) International

Texas Association Against Sexual Assault

Texas Civil Rights Project

Texas Council on Family Violence

The Children's Partnership

The Legal Clinic Hawaii (JFON)

The Women's Law Center of Maryland

U.S. National Committee for UN Women

University of Illinois Immigration Law Clinic

University of Maryland Carey Immigration Clinic

Utah Jews for Refugees

Vermont Immigrant Assistance

Vermont Network Against Domestic and Sexual Violence

Violence Free Colorado

Virginia Poverty Law Center

Virginia Sexual & Domestic Violence Action Alliance

Washington Defender Association

Washington State Coalition Against Domestic Violence

West Virginia Coalition Against Domestic Violence

Wisconsin Coalition Against Sexual Assault

Women Watch Afrika, Inc.

Women's Law Project

WY Coalition Against DV and SA

Wyoming Coalition Against Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault

YWCA Southern Arizona

Local

Abuse & Rape Crisis Center, Inc

Acadiana Advocates for Immigrants in Detention

Advocate Safehouse Project

Advocates of Routt County

African Advocacy Network

African Services Committee

AIDS Legal Referral Panel

ALDEA - The People's Justice Center

American Gateways

Apna Ghar, Inc. (Our Home)

Apostle Immigrant Services

Arizona Hispanic Community Forum

Arizona Justice for Our Neighbors

Asian Law Alliance

Asylum Works

Ayuda

Barrier Free Living Inc.

Bay Area Asylum Support Coalition (BAASC)

Becker & Lee LLP

Berks Stands Up

Bloomington Immigration Justice Task Force

Boston University School of Law Immigrants' Rights & Human Trafficking Program

Bridges Clinic

Brooklyn Defender Services

Broward for Progress

Caritas of Austin

Carliner & Remes, PC

Catholic Migration Services, Inc.

Center for New North Carolinians - UNCG

Center for Social Justice, Seton Hall University School of Law

Central American Resource Center of Northern California (CARECEN SF)

Central American Resource Center (CARECEN of California)

Central Arizona National Lawyers Guild

Central Louisiana Democratic Women

Central New York Chapter of the National Organization for Women

Centre Safe

Charlottesville NOW (National Organization for Women)

Church World Service-Lancaster office

Cleveland Jobs with Justice

Community Legal Center

Community Resources of Fayette County, INC.

Contra Costa NOW

COS Community Development Corp, DBA Transformations CDC

Crime Victim Services

Crisis Intervention Service

Daya Inc.

DC Volunteer Lawyers Project

Democratic Women's Club of Palm Beach County

Dolores Street Community Services

Domestic Violence Intervention Program

El Pueblo, Biloxi, MS

Elevation Law LLC

Elkind Alterman Harston PC

Emerald Isle Immigration Center

Equal Access Legal Services

Esperanza Immigrant Right Project, CCLA Inc.

Family Crisis Centers, Inc.

Family Resources

Farmworkers Self-Help

FFI Desert Support for Asylum Seekers

Friends of the Family

Gender Equality Initiative in International Affairs

Gian-Grasso, Tomczak, & Hufe, PC

Greater Hartford Legal Aid

Greater Washington Jewish Coalition Against Domestic Abuse (JCADA)

Healing Abuse Working for Change

Heartly House, Inc.

Her Justice

Hope CommUnity Center

HopeWorks of Howard County

Houston Immigration Legal Services Collaborative (HILSC)

Human Rights Initiative of North Texas

Iglesia Piedra Viva UMC

Immigration Law Clinic University of Pittsburgh School of Law

Indivisible Cenla

Indivisible St Johns FL

Interfaith Action of Central Texas (iACT)

International Human Rights Law Clinic, American University Washington College of Law

James House

JCFS Chicago

Jewish Family & Children's Service of Greater Boston

Jewish Family Service of Greater Dallas

Jewish Family Service of Los Angeles

Jewish Justice Advocates of Temple Beth El of South Orange County, Ca.

Just Neighbors

Justice for Our Neighbors Houston

Kitsap Immigrant Assistance Center

Law Firm of Jennifer Scarborough

Law Office of Aubra Fletcher

Law Offices of Stephen C. Zollman

Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights of the San Francisco Bay Area

Lee County National Organization for Women

Lee OFA Indivisible

Legal Aid Society of San Mateo County

Legal Services for Children

Legal Services NYC

Los Angeles Center for Law and Justice

Los Angeles County Bar Association - Immigration Section

Los Angeles LGBT Center

Loyola University New Orleans College of Law

Lutheran Social Services of New York

M0060 Columbia Area National Organization for Women

McCrummen Immigration Law Group

McHenry County NOW

Meadowlark Immigration PC

MH Immigration Consulting

Migrant and Immigrant Community Action Project

Mobilization for Justice

Monroe County National Organization for Women

Morris Law Group, PC

Mujeres Unidas y Activas

National Council of Jewish Women - Greater Philadelphia

National Council of Jewish Women Chicago North Shore Section

National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs-NYC

National Lawyers Guild - San Francisco Bay Area

National Organization for Women, Hollywood Chapter

Neighbors Link

New Beginnings APFV (formerly The Association for Prevention of Family Violence)

NMIC

North Brooklyn Coalition Against Family Violence

North Jersey Sierra

Northern New Jersey NOW

Northwest Philadelphia Immigrant Action and Mobilization

NOW SGV, CA

NWI Resist

Open Door Legal

Partnerships for Trauma Recovery

SW PA NOW

Project Hope of Gunnison Valley

Quinnipiac University School of Law Clinic

Rape Victim Advocacy Program

Re-Establish Richmond

Reach Counseling

Refugee Resettlement Ministry of St. Martin-in-the-Field

Response

Rise Above Violence

Rockland County Immigration Coalition

Sacramento Food Bank & Family Services, Catholic Charities of Sacramento

Safe Harbor Project, Brooklyn Law School

Safe Haven of Greater Waterbury

Safe Horizon

Sakhi for South Asian Women

San Antonio Region Justice for Our Neighbors

San Diego Volunteer Lawyer Program, Inc.

Sanctuary for Families

Santa Fe NOW

Sexual Assault Resource and Counseling Center (SARCC)

Secular Jewish Community & School

Sinai Health System

Snohomish Immigration Advocacy

So Cal Immigration Project

Southern Md Center for Family Advocacy

Southwest Detroit Immigrant and Refugee Center

Southwest PA National Organization for Women

Southwestern Law School Legal Clinic

Step Forward Foundation

Stepping Stones, Inc.

Sullivan County Victim Services

TakeRoot Justice

Tallahassee NOW

The Center for Family Justice

The Door

The Florence Immigrant & Refugee Rights Project

The Kota Alliance

The Legal Aid Society (New York)

The Legal Project

The LGBT Asylum Project

The Nest Community Health Center

The Rebuild, Overcome, and Rise (ROAR) Center at the University of MD, Baltimore

The ReSisters of Central Ohio

The Safe Center LI, Inc.

Thrive Virginia

Transformations CDC

Transitions of PA

Uncage and Reunite Families Coalition

University of Miami School of Law, Human Rights Clinic

University of the District of Columbia Immigration & Human Rights Clinic

UnLocal, Inc

Urban Justice Center Domestic Violence Project

Vera House, Inc.

VIDA LEGAL ASSISTANCE INC

Villacorta Law, P.S.

Volunteers of Legal Service

West Pinellas National Organization for Women

Wilkes Legal, LLC

WILPF Greater Philadelphia Branch

Womankind

Women and Families Center

Women and Gender Advocacy Center

YMCA of Greater Houston

YWCA Greater Portland

YWCA of Alton

YWCA of Pierce County

YWCA South Hampton Roads